## Syllabus

## **COURSE: I SEMESTER**

## APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

	Unit title	Hours	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	
1	General physiology	4	<ul> <li>Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane</li> <li>Application and implication in nursing</li> <li>Tissue – Formation and glands functions</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Cell cycle</li><li>Tissue: repair, membranes</li></ul>	Body fluid compartments, distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis.	
2	Respiratory system	6	<ul> <li>Functions of respiratory         Organs Physiology of         respiration</li> <li>Exchange of gases</li> <li>Carriage of oxygen and         carbon-dioxide and         exchange of gases in         tissue</li> <li>Regulation of respiration</li> <li>Hypoxia, cyanosis,         dyspnea</li> <li>Application and         implication in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pulmonary circulation         <ul> <li>Functional features</li> </ul> </li> <li>periodic breathing</li> <li>Respiratory changes during exercise</li> </ul>		
3	Digestive system	6	<ul> <li>Functions of the organs of digestive tract</li> <li>Functions of liver, gall bladder</li> </ul>	Saliva – Composition,     regulation of secretion and     functions of saliva	<ul> <li>Movements of alimentary tract</li> <li>Mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion</li> </ul>	

				Convotion and function		Composition and function of	1
			•	Secretion and function	•	Composition and function of	
				of small and large		gastric juice,	
				intestine	•	Composition of pancreatic	
			•	Digestion in mouth,		juice	
				stomach, small	•	Pancreas Composition of bile	
				intestine, large intestine		and function	
				and absorption of food			
			•	Application and			
				implications in nursing.			
		7	•	Functions of heart,	•	Coronary circulation	
4	Circulatory			conduction system,	•	Cardiovascular homeostasis in	
	system			cardiac cycle, stroke		exercise and posture	
				volume and cardiac		·	
				output			
			•	Pulmonary and systemic			
				circulation			
			•	Blood pressure and			
				pulse Circulation –			
				Principles, factors			
				influencing blood			
				pressure, pulse			
				Heart rate –			
			•	Regulation of heart			
				rate, normal value			
				and variations			
			•	1.1			
				implication in nursing			
5	Blood disorder	8	•	Blood – functions and	•	Reticule endothelial system	Immunity
	שוטטע עוזטועפו	0	•	physical characteristics		Hemostasis: Role of	- minimumity
				Formation of blood cells	•		
			•			vasoconstriction, platelet plug	
				Erythropoiesis:		formation in hemostasis,	
				Functions of RBC and		coagulation factors, intrinsic	

			RBC life cycle WBC: Types and functions  Platelets Function and production of platelets  Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time and PTT  Blood groups and types  Application in nursing	and extrinsic pathways of coagulation	
6	Endocrine system	5	<ul> <li>Functions of pituitary gland, thyroid, parathyroid, thymus, pancreas and adrenal glands.</li> <li>Application in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Functions and hormones of pineal gland,</li> <li>Other hormones</li> </ul>	Alterations in disease
7	Sensory organs	3	<ul><li>Functions of skin</li><li>Application and implications in nursing</li></ul>	Errors of refraction	<ul><li>Vision, hearing, taste and smell</li><li>Errors of refraction ageing changes</li></ul>
8	Musculoskeletal system	4	<ul> <li>Bones – Functions,</li> <li>Joints and joint movements</li> <li>Mechanism of muscle contraction</li> <li>Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles</li> <li>Application and implication in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton</li> <li>Properties and functions of skeletal muscles</li> <li>Alteration of joint disease</li> </ul>	
9	Renal system	4	<ul> <li>Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis</li> </ul>		

			<ul> <li>GFR</li> <li>Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra</li> <li>Micturition</li> <li>Regulation of renal function</li> <li>Application and implication in nursing</li> </ul>		
10	Reproductive system	4	<ul> <li>Female reproductive system</li> <li>Male reproductive system –hormones and its function</li> <li>Application and implication in providing nursing car</li> </ul>	Menstrual cycle function and hormones of ovary	<ul> <li>oogenesis, fertilization, implantation and functions of breast</li> <li>Spermatogenesis, Semen</li> </ul>
11	Nervous system	9	<ul> <li>Review of types, structure and functions of neurons</li> <li>Sensory and motor nervous system</li> <li>Peripheral nervous system, Autonomic nervous system</li> <li>Functions of cranial nerves</li> <li>Application and implication in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review functions of brain-Medulla, pons, cerebrum, cerebellum</li> <li>Limbic system and higher mental functions- thalamus and hypothalamus Vestibular apparatus</li> <li>CSF formation, Composition, circulation of CSF</li> </ul>	functions- Hippocamps  • Autonomic functions Physiology of pain- somatic, visceral and referred